OFFICE OF THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY THE 5TH JANUARY 1929.

A total of 93 attacks with 56 deaths from plague was returned during the week against 49 attacks with 35 deaths in the previous week, all the districts being affected except Chitaldrug. The Cities of Bangalore and Mysore returned 1 attack with 1 death and 2 attacks with 2 deaths, respectively, while the Kolar Gold Field area continued to remain free from the disease.

2. As compared with the figures for the corresponding week were 81 attacks with 58 deaths in 1927 and 41 attacks with 22 deaths in 1928.

3. A total of 50 attacks with 14 deaths from cholera was returned for five villages in Mysore Taluk, and one village in each of the Malur and Seringapatam Taluks.

4. Forty-five attacks with 7 deaths from small-pox were returned for 2 villages in Shimoga Taluk, one village in each of the Chamrajnagar, Mudgere and Chikmagalur Taluks and Madhugiri Town and the Kolar Gold Field area.

5. One attack with one death from influenza was returned for the Kolar Gold Field area.

6. The State continued to remain free from relapsing fever during the week.

7. The total mortality for the Bangalore City amounted to 65 representing a calculated annual ratio of 28·50 per mille of population against the average ratio of 27·06 for 1927. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered 1 under plague, 5 under malaria, 6 under pneumonia, 1 under typhoid, 2 under other fevers, 5 under phthisis, 9 under dysentery and diarrhœa and 36 under all other causes.

As compared with the City, the Civil and Military Station, returned 73 deaths for the week ending 30th December 1928, representing a calculated annual ratio of 32·02 per mille of population against the average ratio of 37·29 in the previous week.

8. The total mortality for the Mysore City for the week was 50, representing a calculated annual ratio of 30·97 per mille of population against the average ratio of 35·30 for 1927 The causes of deaths were plague 2, malaria 2, pneumonia 7, typhoid 1, phthisis 7, dysentery and diarrhœa 8 and all other causes 23.

9. There were 45 deaths from all causes reported from the Kolar Gold Field area equivalent to a calculated annual ratio of 26·20 per mille of population against the average ratio of 38·28 for 1927. The deaths were small-pox, 2 pneumonia, 3, other fevers 2, phthisis 1, dysentery and diarrhœa 5 and all other causes 32.

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